गठन किया गया है। परिषद विभिन्न अध्ययन बोर्डों तथा क्षेत्रीय समिति के माध्यम से कार्य करती है। विभिन्न तकनीकी शिक्षा संस्थाओं के स्तर की मानिटरिंग करने के लिये इसने राष्ट्रीय प्रयत्यायन बोर्ड (एन बी ए) का गठन किया है। भारत की तकनीक शिक्षा संस्थाओं तथा दूसरे देशों की संस्थाओं का ऐसा कोई तुलनात्मक विश्लेषण नहीं किया गया है।

Staff Strength of AICTE

813. SHRI DPANKAR MUKHERJEE:
SHRI NILOTPAL BASU

Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) the total staff strength of the All India coucnil of Technical Education (AICTE) headquarters and those in the SC/ST category thereof;

(b) whether the numbe rof such SC/ST staff is commensurate with the Consitutional provisions;

(c) the number of staff of AICTE on contract/deputation and the number of them who have been absorbed/ regularised/made permanent during the last three years;

(d) whethe the provision of reservation has been maintained in such cases of absorption/regularisation/permanency; and

(e) whether AICTE takes prior permission of the Government before such absorption/regularisation?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRI MUHI RAM SAIKIA): (a) Sanctioned regular posts in all categories in the AICTE are 65. At present 18 posts have been filled out of which, 7 posts filled by SC/ST candidates.

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c) During the last three years' period 81 persons have been taken on deputation/contract. Out of these, five persons have been absorbed.

(d) The Council has made provision or reservation for SC/ST etc.

(e) No, Sir.

Boycott of UGC Examination

814. SHRI KRISHNA KUMAR BIRLA: Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that recently the students boycotted University Grants Commission fellowship ecxamination in protest against the leakage of question paper;

(b) if so, whether Government have inquired into the matter; and

(c) if so, the details thereof stating the reaction of Government in regard thereto?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRI MUHI RAM SAIKIA): (a) According to the information furnished by University Grants Commission (UGC), Junior Research Fellowship examination was boycotted by students in two sub-centres in Delhi as a reaction to the news report that question papers for the National Ellitigibity Test were being sold in some places in the city.

(b) and (c) CBI enquiry has been ordered by the Government, at the behest of UGC, to look into the matter and submit a report. The investigation is in progress.

Deemed Universities

815. SHRI GYAN RANJAN: Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) the number of Deemed Universities in the country with their names and locations;

(b) the criteria adopted in giving recognition to such Universities; and

(c) the details of the controlling authority with regard to such Universities?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN

RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRI MUHI RAM SAIKIA): (a) There are 38 deemed to be Universities in the Country. The names and locations of these deemed universities are given in the statement. (*see* below).

(b) The Central Government on the advice of the University Grants Commission (UGC) under Section 3 of the UGC Act, 1956, confers "deemed to be university" status to any institution of higher education by issuing Notification in the official Gazette.

The UGC has prescribed a set of guidelines for considering such proposals from the institutions. The main points which are kept in view by the UGC while processing such proposal are as follows:

(i) The applicant Institute must be an independent Registered Society or Trust to have an independent entity of its own.

(ii) The Institute must have minimum 5 years of functioning at the time of making the proposal.

(iii) the Institute must be engaged in teaching and research in chosen field of specilization and should have innovative programmes which should be of very high academic standards.

(iv) The mangement should be prepared to provide a minimum of Rs. 40.00 lakhs as per annum recurring grant.

(v) The mamagement should create a corpus funds of Rs. 50.00 lakhs in respect of Scienetific Institution and Rs. 25.00 lakhs in case it is imparting education in Social Sciences.

(vi) The concurrence of the State Government as well as that of the affiliating university must be obtained for consideration of the proposal by the UGC.

In so far as institution imparting education in the fields of Engineering, Technology, Management, Pharmacy etc. are concerned the proposal is required to be submitted to the All India council for Technical Education for examination in the first instance, as provided for in the AICTE Act. AICTE have also prescribed a separate set of guidelines for considering such proposals.

(c) Deemed Universities are governed as per provisions in their Memorandum of Association and Rules which are approved by the UGC.

Statement

Deemed Universities Asked by Shri Gyan Ranjan

S. No.	Name of Deemed to be University
1.	Avinashilingam Institute for Home Science and Higher Education for Women, Coimbatore,Tamil Nadu.
2.	Banasthali Vidyapith, Banasthali, Rajasthan.
3.	Birla Institute of Technology Ranchi, Bihar.
4.	Birla Institute of Technology & Science, Pilani, Rajasthan.
5.	Central Institute of Higher Tibetan Studies, Sarnath, Varanashi, Uttar Pradesh.
6.	Central Institute of English & Foreign Languages, Hyderabad, Andhra Pradesh.
7.	Central Institute of Fisheries Education, Mumbai, Maharashtra.
8.	Dayalbagh Educational Institute, Dayalabagh, Agra, Uttar Pradesh.
9.	Deccan College Post-Graduate and Research Institute Pune, Maharashtra.
10.	Gandhigram Rural Institute, Gandhigram, Tamil Nadu.

S. No.	Name of Deemed to be University
11.	Gujarat Vidyapith, Ahmedabad, Gujarat.
12.	Gurukula Kangri Vishwavidyalaya, Hardwar, Uttar Pradesh.
13.	Indian Agricultural Research Institute , New Delhi.
14.	Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore, Karnataka.
15.	Indian School of Mines, Dhanbad, Bihar.
16.	Indian Veterinary Reserarch Institute, Izatnagar, Uttar Pradesh.
17.	International Institute for Population Sciences, Deonar, Mumbai, Maharashtra.
18.	Jamia Hamdard, Hamdard Nagar, New Delhi.
19.	Rajasthan Vidyapeeth, Udaipur, Rajasthan.
20.	Rashtriya Sanskrit Vidyapeeth, Tirupati, Andhra Pradesh.
21.	School of Planning & Architecture, I.P. Estate, New Delhi.
22.	Shri Lal Bahadur Shastri Rashtriya Sanskrit Vidyapeeth, Katwaria Sarai, New Delhi.
23.	Society of National Museum, Institute of History of Arts, Conservation and Museology, Janpath, New Delhi.
24.	Sri Sathya Sari Institute of Higher Learning, Anantapur, Andhra Pradesh.
25.	Tata Institute of Social Sciences, Mumbai, Maharashtra.
26.	Thapar Institute of Engineering & Technology, Patiala, Punjab.
27.	Tilak Maharashtra Vidyapeeth, Pune, Maharashtra.
28.	National Dairy Research Institute, Karnal, Haryana.
29.	Jain Vishwa Bharati Institute, Ladnun, Rajasthan.
30.	Forest Research Institute, Dehradun, Uttar Pradesh.
31.	Bengal Engineering College, Howrah, West Bengal.
32.	Gokhale Institute of Politics & Economics, Pune, Maharashtra.
33.	Manipal Academy of Higher Education, Manipal, Karnataka.
34.	Sri Chandrasekharendra Saraswathy Viswa Mahavidyalaya, Kanchipuram, Tamil Nadu.
35.	National Institute of Mental Health & Neuro Sciences, Bangalore, Karnataka.
36.	Indira Gandhi Institute of Development Research, Mumbai, Maharashtra.
37.	Sri Ramachandra Medical College & Research Institute Chennai, Tamil Nadu.
38.	Bharati Vidyapith, Pune, Maharashtra.

अव-यानक उम्मीदवारों को प्रवेश दिया जाना

816. **श्री नरेन्द्र मोहनः** क्या मानव संसाधन विकास मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) क्या यह सच है कि पिछले तीन वर्षों में इंजीनियरिंग और मेडिकल कालेजों में ऐसे छात्रों को प्रवेश मिला है जिन्होंने प्रवेश परीक्षाओं में 10 प्रतिशत अंक भी नहीं पाए हैं;

(ख) क्या किसी राज्य सरकार ने इस आशय के दिशा-निर्देश जारी किये हैं कि प्रवेश परीक्षाओं में 10 प्रतिशत से भी कम अंक पाने वाले छात्रों को भी प्रवेश दिया जाना चाहिए; और

क्या यह भी सच है कि प्रवेश परीक्षा में 70 परतिशत या उससे भी अधिक अंक पाने वाले छात्रों को प्रवेश नहीं मिला है जबकि 10 प्रतिशत अंक पाने वाले छात्रों को प्रवेश प्राप्त हो गया है?